Health Care Provider Screening & Facility Tips

Schedulers should ask a patient if she ...

- needs accommodations—extra time or assistance.
- uses a wheelchair or scooter—are the chair arms removable or moveable?
- can sit upright without back support.
- can lift her arms to shoulder height.
- can independently transfer to another chair.

"People First" Communication

- Regardless of her disability, speak directly to the patient, not to her companion or assistant.
- Refer to the patient as a ...
 - woman/patient/person with a disability not a disabled woman.
 - woman/patient/person who uses a wheelchair/scooter/walker not a wheelchair-bound woman.

The Mammogram

- If necessary, ask another technologist to help with positioning.
- Use adaptations or alternate views to maximize tissue visualization.
- Work with the patient to find the best positions.
- The patient is the expert in her abilities; ask for directions and listen to her instructions.
- If the patient prefers, include her companion or assistant during positioning.



http://everywomanmatters.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/EWM.html



Screening Saves Lives

BREAST HEALTH SCREENING THE RIGHT TO KNOW

Breast Cancer & Disability

- One in five women in the U.S. has at least one disability.
- **Historically,** women with disabilities have been marginalized and disadvantaged, especially with regard to health care access.
- Compared to women without disabilities, women with disabilities have an equal or greater risk of having breast cancer.
- Women with physical disabilities are significantly less likely to have had recommended breast cancer screenings.
- Fewer or inconsistent screenings put women at risk for late-stage diagnosis and poor health outcomes.



Factors contributing to successful breast health screening for women with disabilities

- Access to public or private transportation.
- Access to the facility: zero step entrances; automatic front door; wide interior doors and halls; low reception counters; large waiting, examination and dressing rooms; accessible bathrooms.
- Adaptable medical equipment: wheelchairfriendly mammography machines, mammography chair, adjustable height exam table, etc.
- **Designated ADA parking spaces** for cars and lift-equipped vans at the front entrance.
- Disability training for health care providers.
- Insurance coverage

Accessibility & Equipment

- Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA):
 - Accessibility Guidelines: www.access-board.gov/adaag/html/adaag.htm
 - Access to Medical Care for Individuals with Mobility Disabilities:
 www.ada.gov/medcare_mobility_ta/ medcare_ta.htm
 - Assessments and Tax Incentives: www.ada.gov/archive/taxpack.pdf
 - Communicating with People Who Are Deaf or Hard of Hearing in Hospital Settings: www.ada.gov/hospcombr.htm
- Medical Equipment:

When purchasing new equipment, consider buying wheelchair-friendly x-ray units, and specialized mammography positioning chairs.

Accessibility & Equip. Cont.

- Montana Centers for Independent Living (CILs): www.bcm.edu/ilru/html/ publications/directory/montana.html
- Montana Mammography Directory:
 Information for individuals and service providers about mammography facilities by city: hours of operation, bus routes, average costs, and accessibility details. Updated annually. http://mtdh.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/mammography.htm
- North Carolina Office on Disability and Health: Removing Barriers to Health Care: A Guide for Health Professionals. A resource on making medical facilities accessible. www.fpg.unc.edu/~ncodh/publications.cfm

Training & Education

- American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG):
 - Reproductive Health Care for Women with Disabilities. www.acog.org/departments/dept_web.cfm?recno=38
 - Improving Access to Care for Women with Disabilities: Quick Reference on CPT Coding: For more information, e-mail: underservedwomen@acog.org
- Breast Health Access for Women with Disabilities (BHAWD): Offers Mammography Technologist Training for Women with Disabilities. www.bhawd.org
- CDC's Right To Know Campaign: Offers health promotion materials to increase awareness of breast cancer among women with physical disabilities and to encourage these women to get screened. www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/women/righttoknow/default.htm

Training & Education Cont.

- Every Woman Matters: Portraits of Montana Women Living with Physical Disabilities. A multi-media exhibit highlighting the importance of Breast Cancer Screening. http://mtdh.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/EveryWomanMatters.htm
- MammaCare: Provides tactually accurate breast models and evidence-based certification courses in performing and teaching Clinical Breast Examination and Breast Self-Examination. 800-626-2273.
 www.mammacare.com
- Montana Cancer Screening Program: Provides low cost or free mammograms,

clinical breast exams, Pap tests and pelvic exams for eligible individuals. 888-803-9343. www.dphhs. mt.gov/PHSD/ cancer-control/ Breast&Cervindex.shtml



- Registry For Interpreters For The Deaf: www.rid.org
- Women's Independence Through Health ~ Universal Screening Solutions: http://withuss.phhp.ufl.edu/photomapping.htm
- Women Be Healthy: A curriculum designed for women with intellectual and developmental disabilities. www.fpg.unc.edu/~ncodh/pdfs/ wbhealthy.pdf; boehm@ruralinstitute.umt.edu

Portions of this pamphlet have been adapted, with permission, from the Florida Office on Disability and Health's Radiology Professionals Tip Sheet.